Canadian legislative obligations regarding Racism, Discrimination, Hatred

Combating Racism, Discrimination & Hatred Advisory Committee (CRDHAC) 2023-2027

International:

- Canada was instrumental in the creation of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights in (1948)
- International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination (1970)
- Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide (1952)
- International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (1976)
- International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (ICCPR) (1976)
- Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women (CEDAW) (1981)
- Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment (1987)
- Convention on the Rights of the Child (CRC) (1991)
- Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (2010)
- Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (2018)
- United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples Act received Royal Assent and immediately came into force (June 2021)

Canadian Legislation:

- Ontario Human Rights Code (1962)
- Charter of Rights and Freedoms (1982)
- Discriminatory Business Practices Act (1990)
- Pay Equity Act (1990)
- Accessibility for Ontarians with Disabilities Act (2005)
- Anti-Racism Act (2017)

Hate Crime:

- There is no specific reference to the concept of a 'Hate Crime' in the *Criminal Code of Canada* (the "*Code*"). This said, there are at least four offences in the *Code* which touch on aspects of hate; they fall under the Hate-Propaganda section and they are as follows:
 - Section 318 Advocating Genocide
 - Section 319 (1) Public Incitement of Hatred
 - Section 319(2) Wilful promotion of hatred
 - Section 430(4.1) Mischief to property (hate-motivated)
- Additionally, for any other crime in the *Code*, the court can increase the severity of the sentence if it is found that hate was a motivating factor.