Technology Pathway to 2050

Environmental Action Committee December 5, 2023



The challenge



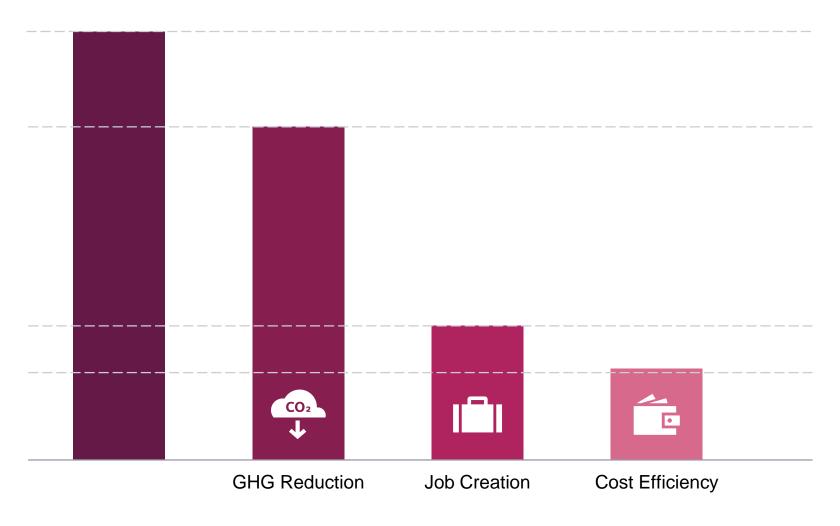
How can the City of Mississauga use technology to attain short- and long-term GHG emissions reduction targets, while improving quality of life?





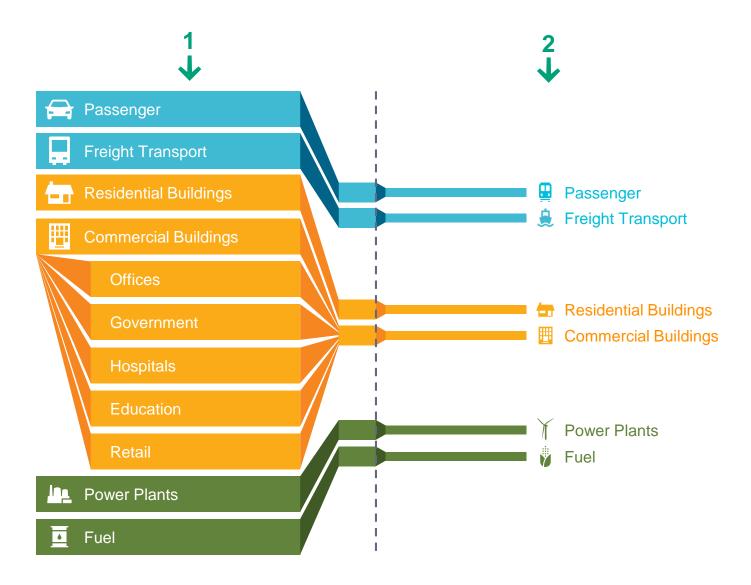






The City Performance Tool Works in Two Steps





Step 1: Energy Mix Analysis

- 350 data inputs
- Residential and commercial buildings, passenger and freight Transportation

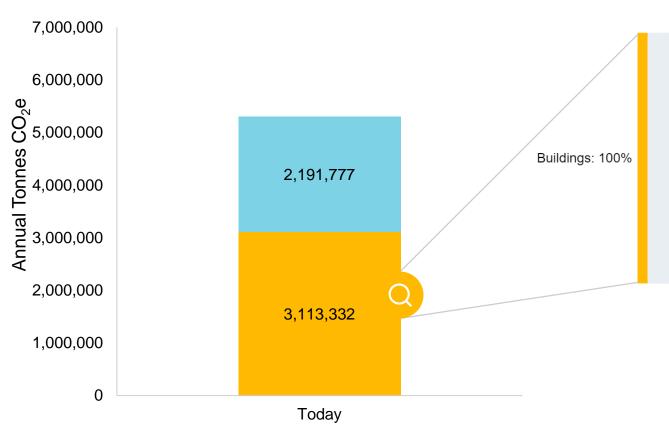
Step 2: CyPT Results

- 73 technologies, each with customizable implementation rates
- Technologies:
 - Clean underlying energy mix
 - Improve energy efficiency in buildings and transportation
 - Induce modal shift

2018 GHG EmissionsBuildings



Annual Metric Tonnes of CO₂ Equivalent Emissions



Residential: 41.56%

Other Non-residential: 0.57% -

Commercial Offices: 18.5%

Government: 11.53%

Retail: 8.33%

Education K12 and University: 14.75%

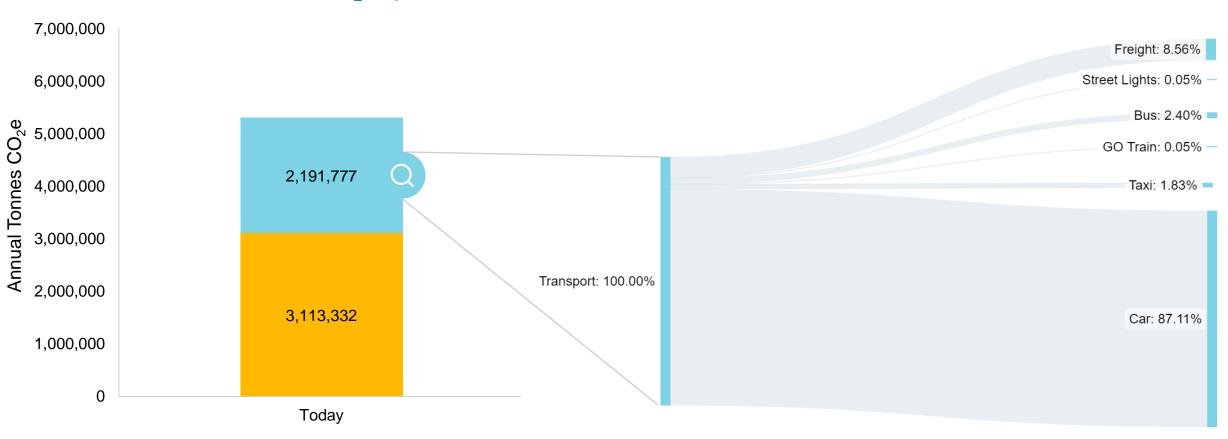
Hotels and Hospitality: 0.76% -

Convention and Exibition Centers, Fairs and Halls: 4%

2018 GHG EmissionsTransportation

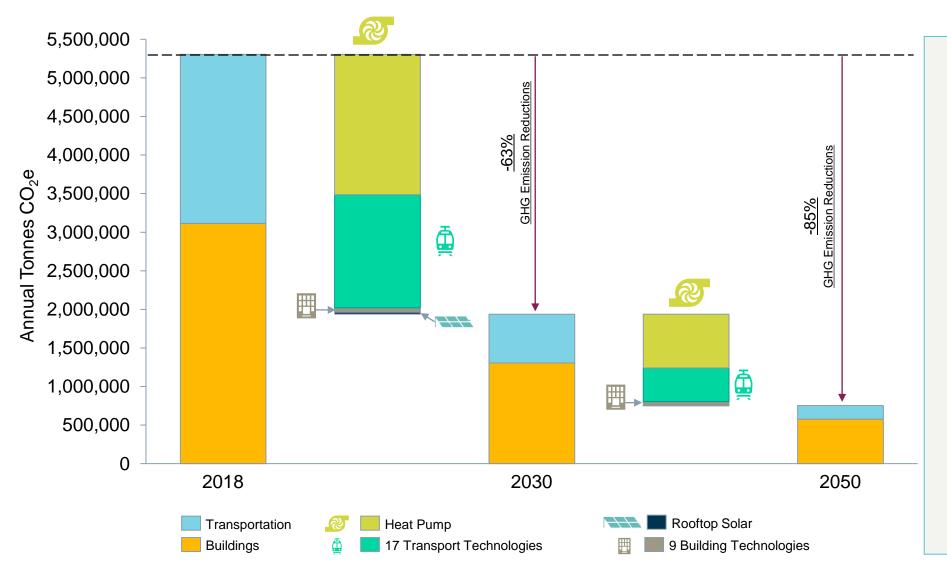
CLIMATE CHANGE

Annual Metric Tonnes of CO₂ Equivalent Emissions



63x2030 and Net Zero Scenario



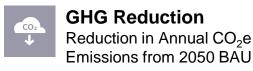


Key Insights

- 27% population increase in 2050 leads to 15% increase in GHG in business as usual
- The City will have to rely on 100% low carbon heating to achieve 85% GHG reductions
- 100% electrification of private and public fleet is essential for achieving target
- Residual = 750,486 metric tonnes GHG

High Performing Technologies

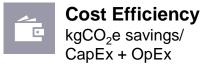


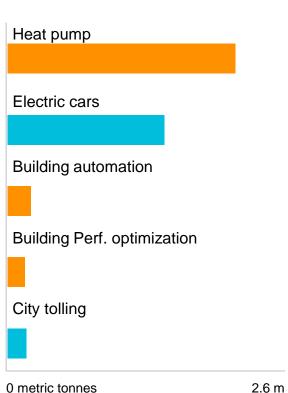


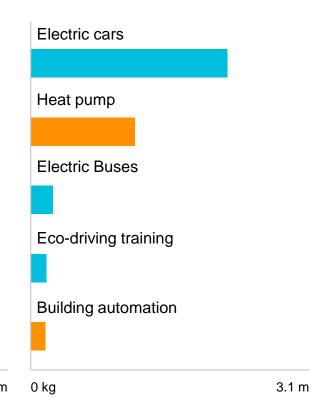


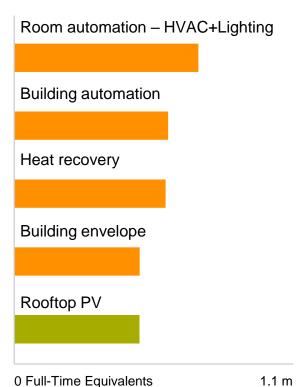


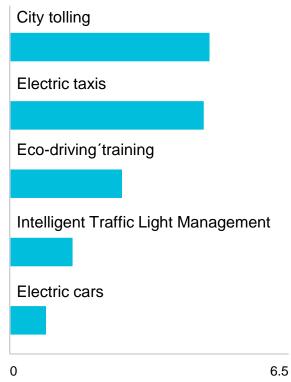
Job Creation Direct, Indirect, and Induced FTEs between Today and 2050











Top Performing Technologies



tonnes

Potential CO₂e
Reduction from:
85% adoption of low carbon heating from heat pumps and 15% adoption of district energy in 2050



tonnes

Potential CO₂e
Reduction from:
100% adoption of
electric cars and 16
other transportation
technologies adopted
at varied rates in 2050



tonnes

Potential CO₂e
Reduction from:
9 building energy
efficiency
technologies adopted
at varied rates in
2050



0.03M

tonnes

Potential CO₂e
Reduction from:
23% adoption of utility
scale and rooftop
solar in 2050

Getting to Net Zero



3.8M

tonnes

Potential reduction in metric tonnes CO₂e from 2018

5750K tonnes

Residual metric tonnes CO₂e required to achieve net zero

Additional reductions can be achieved through removals or technology advancement



61B

dollars

Capital and operating expenditures across the community between today and 2050



Full-time equivalent jobs generated between today and 2050



- Through the update of the Climate Change Action Plan staff will evaluate policies and programs the City can develop to influence the uptake of this technology
- Program delivery is already underway
- 3 Need to ensure federal and provincial policies are aligned